

[eBooks] Suez

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The Suez Crisis-Anthony Gorst 2013-04-15 This introduction to Suez covers the background to the crisis, the invasion, and its aftermath. The Suez-Crisis provides: * key documents, as primary sources, incorporated in the text * an extensive range of other source material, including images * analysis of the significance of the sources discussed, and their usefulness as historical evidence * commentary on the historical context of the crisis * an analysis of the wider implications of the crisis, particularly for Britain
The Suez Crisis-Derek Varble 2008-07-15 Traces the course of events after Egyptian President Gamal Nasser nationalized the Suez Canal in July 1956.

Reassessing Suez 1956-Prof Dr Simon C Smith 2013-06-28 The nationalization of the Suez Canal in 1956 triggered one of the gravest international crises since the Second World War. The fiftieth anniversary of the Suez crisis in 2006 presented an ideal opportunity to re-visit and reassess this seminal episode in post-war history. Although much has been written on Suez, this study provides fresh perspectives by reflecting the latest research from leading international authorities on the crisis and its aftermath. By drawing on recently released documents, by including previously neglected aspects of Suez, and by reassessing its more familiar ones, the volume makes a key contribution to furthering research on

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- and understanding of - the crisis. The volume explores the origins of the crisis, the crisis itself and the aftermath all from a broad perspective. An introduction by the editor presents the current state of the historiography and provides an overview of the debates surrounding the crisis, while the conclusion by Scott Lucas not merely draws the themes of the book together, but also explores the crisis in its regional and international context. Within the overall context of focussing on the international and military aspects of the crisis, it is an explicit intention to embody in the contributions the multifaceted nature of Suez. Although Britain, as in many ways the principal actor, is strongly represented, there are also highly original chapters on both the regional and international dimensions to the crisis, and crucially the interaction between the two. As well as exploring the role of the main protagonists, essays also deal with American, Jordanian and Turkish reactions to the invasion. The overall result is an innovative, thought-provoking, and wide-ranging reassessment of Suez and its aftermath, which at a time when the Middle East once again holds the world's attention, is particularly appropriate.

East of Suez and the Commonwealth 1964-1971: East of Suez-William Roger Louis 2004 The main purpose of the British Documents on the End of Empire Project (BDEEP) is to publish documents from British official archives on the ending of colonial rule and the context in which this took place. This publication is the first of three volumes which examine the years 1964 to 1971, during which period ten territories became independent and all but one (Aden) became new members of the Commonwealth. Issues considered include: the symbolic significance of the recall of British troops from East of Suez, and the circumstances of Britain's withdrawal from Aden; a reappraisal of British interests in South-East Asia in the context of Singapore's secession from Malaysia; the ending of confrontation with Indonesia; British views on the Vietnam conflict; the end of Britain's treaties of protection in the Persian Gulf and the creation of the UAE.

Suez Canal-Valerie Bodden 2006-07 Explores the history and construction of the Suez Canal and describes its important role in world trade and the revitalization of the area.

The Economic Diplomacy of the Suez Crisis-Diane B. K

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Diane Kunz describes here how the United States employed economic diplomacy to affect relations among states during the Suez Crisis of 1956-57. Using political and financial archival material from the United States and Great Britain, and drawing from pers

Suez-Roy Fullick 2006-03-16 The events that followed President Nasser of Egypt's nationalisation of the Suez Canal on 26 July 1956 were as dramatic as they were painful to Britain's standing in the world. The authors of this fascinating book describe the unfolding disaster in detail and explain why lack of success was almost inevitable. In military terms not only were there misunderstandings between the British and French but serious equipment shortages and outdated attitudes. Most damaging of all were the political constraints, which led to continual prevarication and affected planning and operations on the ground. Drawing on official documents, and personal accounts of politicians and military men, the authors reveal the depths of deception that were employed to defy the UN, keep key allies (notably the USA) and Parliament in the dark and face down the service chiefs and public hostility Eisenhower and the Suez Crisis of 1956-Cole Christian Kingseed 1995

The International Status of the Suez Canal-Joseph A. Obieta 2012-12-06 At the turn of the century, a definitive history of the Suez Canal by Charles-Roux, L' I sthme et le Canal de Suez, listed in its bibliogra phy 1499 items on this major interoceanic waterway. A conservative estimate would probably set at double, treble, or quadruple this number the notes and studies on the Suez Canal which have been published since 1901. A word of explanation about a further work on the Canal may therefore be called for. Throughout its history the Suez Canal has been the focus of con troversy and conflict, arising out of attempts to control this crucial point on the sea passage linking Europe with the east coast of Africa, India, the Far East and Australasia. Much of this troubled history yields more readily to political than to legal analysis. The most important single legal question about the Canal concerns the dimen sions of the right of free passage. That question has become of grave concern to the entire world community only with the war between the Arab States and Israel and the short-lived conflict of 1956-57 between

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Great Britain, and Israel on the one hand and Egypt on the other.

The Suez Canal-Ferdinand de Lesseps 1876

Dawn Over Suez-Steven Z. Freiburger 2007-02-12 The most definitive account of the Suez affair to date, based on newly opened archives. Mr. Freiburger argues that the crisis was only the culmination of long American irritation with British imperialism in the Middle East. Commendable...this book breaks new ground.

—William B. Quandt, Foreign Affairs

Whitehall and the Suez Crisis-Anthony Gorst 2013-01-11 This review of the Suez Crisis gives a chapter each to such key players as the Chief of the Imperial General Staff and the Secretary to the Cabinet. It incorporates 1956 releases from the Public Record Office to reassess the role of officials and the process of policymaking.

The Suez-Sinai Crisis-Moshe Shemesh 2005-10-05 A comprehensive and balanced volume which juxtaposes the views of statesmen with those of military leaders that fought the war.

The Isthmus of Suez Question-Ferdinand de Lesseps 1855

The Topography and Geology of the District Between Cairo and Suez-Egypt. Maşlahat al-Misāḥah 1907

Somewheres East of Suez-Tristan Jones 2014-04-01 In 1983 Tristan Jones, well known as one of the finest sailing adventure writers of our time, had his left leg amputated. Refusing to become landbound after a lifetime at sea, he acquired a specially designed, virtually untippable 38-foot trimaran and began to sail around the world.

Outward Leg is the tale of his intrepid voyage from San Diego to London. The Improbable Voyage chronicles his heroic journey along an unusual and hazardous route from the North Sea, through the rivers of Central Europe, to the Black Sea. In Somewheres East of Suez, the final installment of this extraordinary saga, Tristan sails eight thousand miles from Istanbul to Thailand. From the tourist- and terrorist-dominated ports of the eastern Mediterranean to African outposts peopled with famine refugees, Tristan maintains the unique perspective of a man who has had minimal contact with society's restraints, using his acerbic wit to spare no fools and offer biting social commentary. After barely escaping with his life in South Yemen, he sets off for the Far East, determined to win out against the difficulties of his disability, whether battling a tropical cyclone or surviving on a dwindling ration of fresh water.

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windless expanse of the Indian Ocean.

Britain and Suez-Scott Lucas 1996 The Suez War in 1956 marked the end of the British Empire, with the government of Anthony Eden forced into a ceasefire as it tried to seize the Suez Canal and overthrow the Egyptian government. Historians since have tried to understand the causes of the war and the reasons for British failure. Egypt and the Story of the Suez Canal-William George Hamley 1869 On steam communication between Bombay and Suez, with an account of the Hugh Lindsay's four voyages-j. h Wilson (Commander, Indian Navy.) 1833

The Suez Canal. Letters and Documents Descriptive of Its Rise and Progress in 1854-1856. ... Translated by N. D'Anvers-Ferdinand Marie de LESSEPS (Viscount.) 1876

The Suez Canal Dues-A. Stuart (C.E.) 1873

The Suez War-Paul Johnson 2014-10-23 Why did the Suez War ever come to pass? Why did Eden, against public opinion and without sufficient military capability, decide to invade Egypt? When Gamal Abdel Nasser decided to nationalize the Suez Canal, Britain and France reacted dramatically, beginning a chain of events that ultimately led to war. But why did Nasser nationalize the canal in the first place? And what part did the United States of America play in sparking the conflict that resulted in war? Paul Johnson skilfully and clearly explains the roots of the war, the many different political factors involved, the resultant invasion and its repercussions. First published in 1957, The Suez War walks us through a conflict that many historians feel should never have taken place, and one that Johnson argues has exposed '[t]he real weakness of Britain - never again can we play our unique and honourable role as keeper of the world's conscience.'

L'Isthme de Suez ... Avec une carte-L. LE SAINT 1866

The origin of the Suez canal (continued). A question of the day.

After the war of 1870-1871. The interoceanic canal and the

Congress of 1879. Steam. Algeria and Tunis. Abd-el-Kader.

Abyssinia. The origin and duties of consuls. The French Academy-Ferdinand de Lesseps 1887

The History of the Suez Canal-Ferdinand de Lesseps 1876

The Isthmus of Suez Canal Question-Daniel Adolphus Lange 1859

The Pre-cambrian Along the Guld of Suez and the North

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the Red Sea-Heinrich Moritz Emil Schuermann 1966
Ending 'East of Suez'-P. L. Pham 2010-01-28 In 1964 Britain's defence presence in Malaysia and Singapore was the largest and most expensive component of the country's world-wide role. Yet within three and a half years the Wilson Government had announced that Britain would be withdrawing from its major Southeast Asian bases and abandoning any special military role 'East of Suez'. Drawing upon previously classified government records P.L. Pham examines and explains how the Wilson Government came to this conclusion, one of the most significant decisions in the decline of British global power after the Second World War. Substantially revising earlier accounts, Pham exposes the inner workings of government, the close but strained relations between the United Kingdom and the United States in the midst of Cold War tensions, and how politicians and policy makers managed the decline of British power, providing an in-depth and comprehensive study of British policy processes of the era.

East of Suez-Alice Perrin 2010-11 Originally published in 1901, 'East of Suez' was Alice Perrin's first collection of short stories. Her fascinating and thought-provoking tales of Anglo-Indian life rival the best work of Kipling, and were hugely successful in their day. Perrin tells stories of illicit love against a beautifully-drawn backdrop of the mystical east, interweaving the supernatural with exquisite details of her characters' lives. This scholarly edition includes: a critical introduction; author biography; suggestions for further reading; explanatory notes; contextual material on representations of the British Raj; illustrations from 'The Illustrated London News' and 'The Windsor Magazine'.

Mémoire sur les travaux du percement de l'isthme de Suez.
[Reproducing and criticising a pamphlet of V. Chevallier on the same subject.]-Antoine Jules POIRÉE 1865

British Naval Strategy East of Suez, 1900-2000-Greg Kennedy 2004-11-10 This new collection of essays by a panel of established international scholars sheds new light on what some of those influences were and what actions were taken as a result of Britain's Far Eastern commitments. Not only are new evidence and approaches to those issues addressed presented, but new avenues for further research are clearly outlined. This new study

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the use of the sea as a means of projecting power and influence beyond national borders holds a unique place in the history of Great Britain. Directly linked to the concepts of empire, great power and strategic over-stretch, Britain's strategic position east of Suez in the twentieth century was a dominant area of interest and had an enormous impact in the overall construction of Great Britain's naval strategic posture. Britain's global naval position was in fact predominantly formed by Far Eastern strategic influences from 1900 to 1945. After that, even in the face of the Cold War and emphasis on planning for a third European war, strategic influences east of Suez continued to play a major role in the creation of Britain's naval force structure and in its global strategic foreign policy formulation process.

The Coast of Egypt and the Suez Canal-Henry Mitchell 1869

Proposed Ship Railway across the Isthmus of Suez-James Brunlees 1859

The Suez Canal and the Liberal Government, Or, The Policy of Deceit-H. B. 1884

Suez-Nikolay Aleksandrovich Bulganin 1956

Suez Deconstructed-Philip Zelikow 2018-09-04 Experiencing a major crisis from different viewpoints, step by step The Suez crisis of 1956—now little more than dim history for many people—offers a master class in statecraft. It was a potentially explosive Middle East confrontation capped by a surprise move that reshaped the region for years to come. It was a diplomatic crisis that riveted the world's attention. And it was a short but startling war that ended in unexpected ways for every country involved. Six countries, including two superpowers, had major roles, but each saw the situation differently. From one stage to the next, it could be hard to tell which state was really driving the action. As in any good ensemble, all the actors had pivotal parts to play. Like an illustration that uses an exploded view of an object to show how it works, this book uses an unprecedented design to deconstruct the Suez crisis. The story is broken down into three distinct phases. In each phase, the reader sees the issues as they were perceived by each country involved, taking into account different types of information and diverse characteristics of each leader and that leader's unique perspectives. Then, after each phase has been discussed from

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out, editorial observations invite the reader to consider the interplay. Developed by an unusual group of veteran policy practitioners and historians working as a team, Suez Deconstructed is not just a fresh way to understand the history of a major world crisis. Whether one's primary interest is statecraft or history, this study provides a fascinating step-by-step experience, repeatedly shifting from one viewpoint to another. At each stage, readers can gain rare experience in the way these very human leaders sized up their situations, defined and redefined their problems, improvised diplomatic or military solutions, sought ways to influence each other, and tried to change the course of history.

Suez-Russell Braddon (romancier.) 1973

Annual Report of the Corporation of the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York-New York Chamber of Commerce 1866

The United Arab Republic Today: From Suez to Aswan-Charles F. Gallagher 1960

The Nicaragua Canal and the Monroe Doctrine-Lindley Miller Keasbey 1896

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